

An Overview

SOIL STABILIZATION

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Soil Stabilization

A process of mixing other substances/materials with original soft ground/ expansive soil in attempt to improve the geotechnical properties for particular construction.



Soil Stabilization Purposes

To improve shear strength

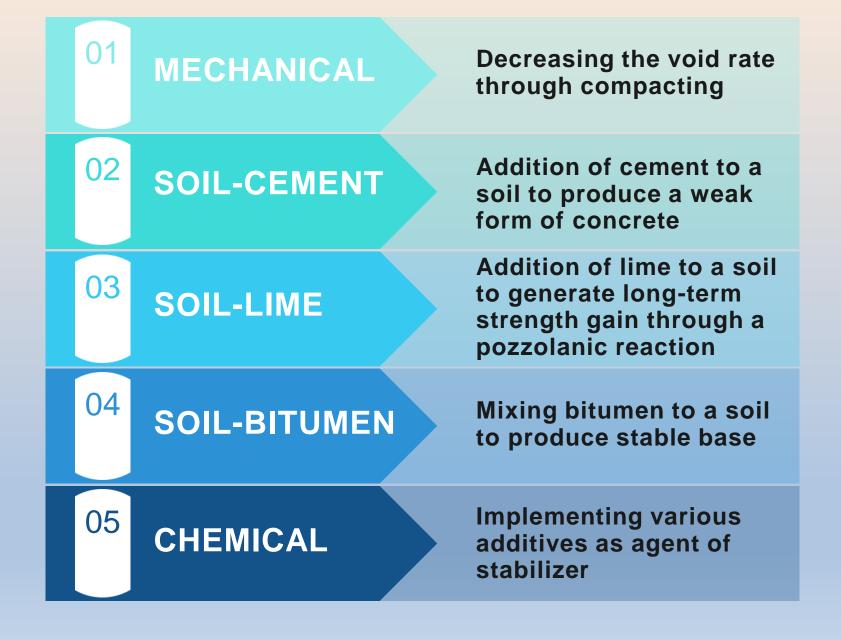
To enhance soil resistance to the weathering process

To enhance load-bearing capacity

To improve permeability

To meet specific engineering projects requirement

Soil Stabilization Methods



Categories of Soil Stabilizer



1

Noncementitious additives

Stone dust, quarry dust, aggregate waste, rock waste powder, crusher dust, granite saw dust, sand 2

Supplementary cementitious additives

Lime, fly ash,
groundgranulated
blast furnace
(GGBS), cement
kiln dust, lime
kiln dust, silica
fume.

3

Chemical additives

CaCl₂, KCL,
Na₂SiO₃,
FeCL₃,
Mg(OH)₂,
Na(OH),
NaCL,
MgCl₂,
Al₂,Cl₃

Source: Reddy & Tahasildar, 2015



Industrial waste





Soil Stabilizer from Solid Waste



Mineral waste

Marble dust



Domestic waste

Agricultural waste



Significance of using solid wastes

Sisa pepejal Sisa pepejal Sisa pepejal pembinaan perbandaran industri = 21,900 tan = 33,000 tan = 16.500 tan sehari / 8 juta sehari/ 12 juta sehari /6 juta tan setahun tan setahun tan setahun

> 26 juta tan sisa pepejal terkawal yang dijana setiap tahun

Sumber: Pelan Tindakan Komprehensif Pengurusan Sisa Pepejal 2015 – 2020 (Cetakan tahun 2014)

Operationalising the Twelfth Malaysia Plan, 2021-2025

Environmental Sustainability

Conservation and preservation

- Climate change mitigation and adaptation
- Disaster risk management
- · Disaster risk insurance scheme



- · Green technology
- · Management of of green and blue economy
- · Biodiversity conservation
- · Sustainable forest management
- · Sustainable Consumption & Production
- · Energy efficiency
- · Renewable energy
- · Integrated water resource management
- Marine litter
- Waste as commodity
- · Circular economy reducing waste and creating value from waste
- · Valuing ecosystem services
- Carbon Tax

Conclusion

- 1. Soil Stabilization can improve the performance of existing soil.
- 2. Soil stabilization provides a solution to soft ground/expansive soil.
- 3. The most commonly soil-cement, soil-lime and soil-bitumen stabilization have been used in JKR's Project. By soil stabilization, the cost of the project also can be reduced.

Way forward

- 1. Currently, CREaTE is doing research on the effectiveness of Nano Polymer as soil stabilizer
- 2. Solid waste as soil stabilizer:
 - Alternative method.
 - Reduce the quantity of solid waste in Malaysia
 - Eco-friendly and Sustainable