







- 1. Introduction: What is UAV photogrammetry & 3D laser scanning?
- 2. Application: pre-construction stage
- 3. Application: construction stage
- 4. Application: post-construction stage
- Beyond road planning and management
- 6. Challenges

Using UAV photogrammetry and 3D laser scanning for better road planning and management

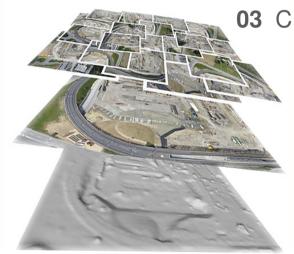




02 CONDUCT MISSION



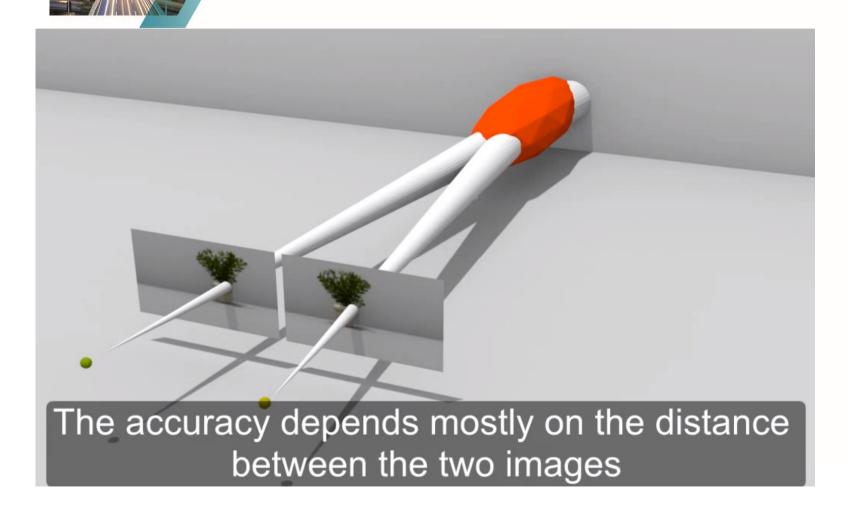




03 CREATE MAPS AND MODELS

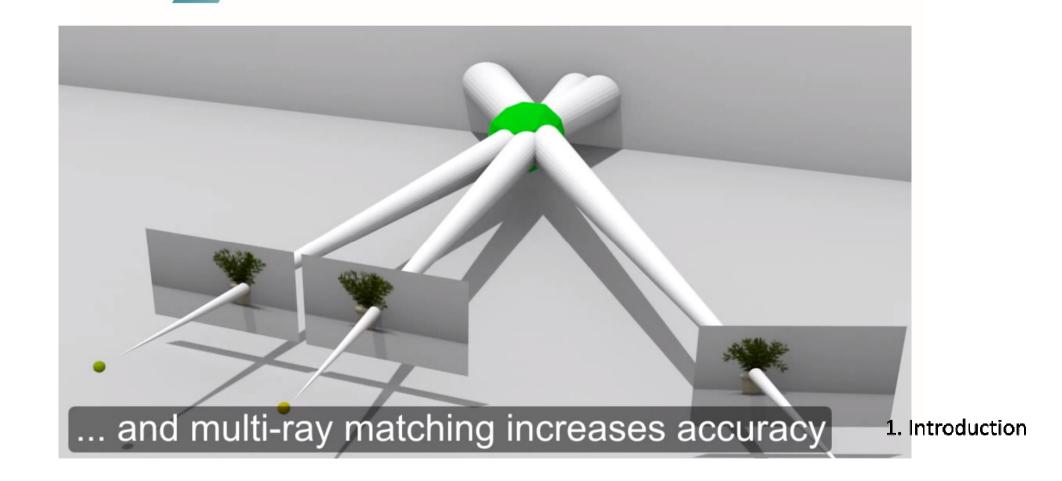






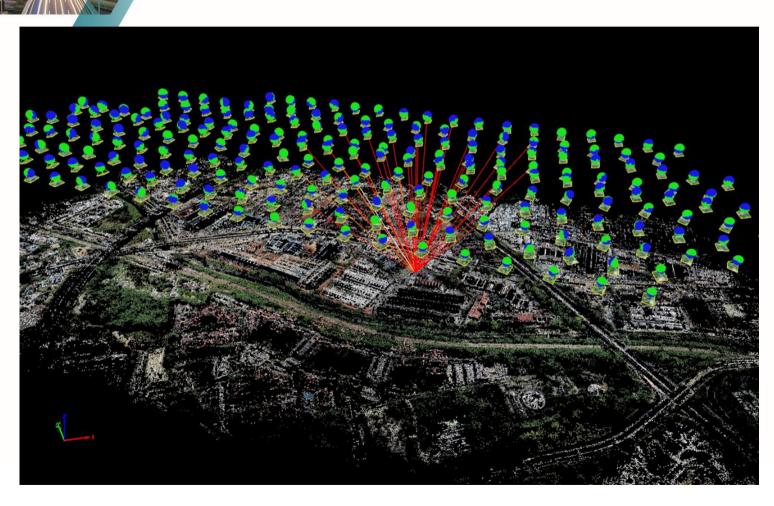






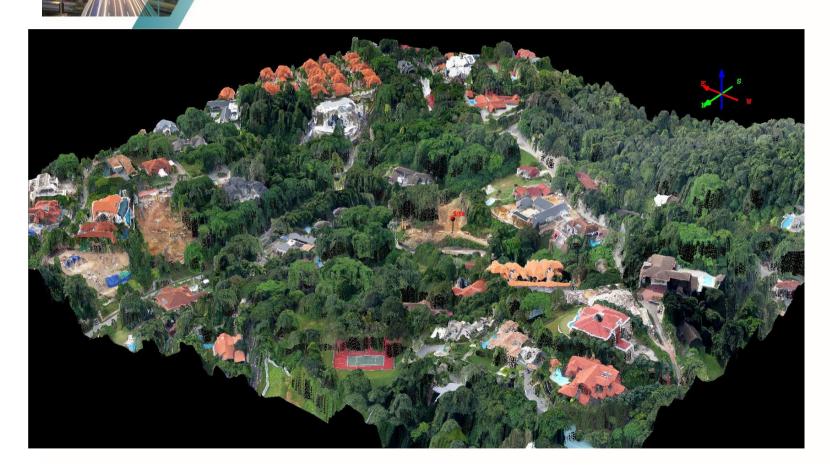














What is 3D laser scanning aka TLS?





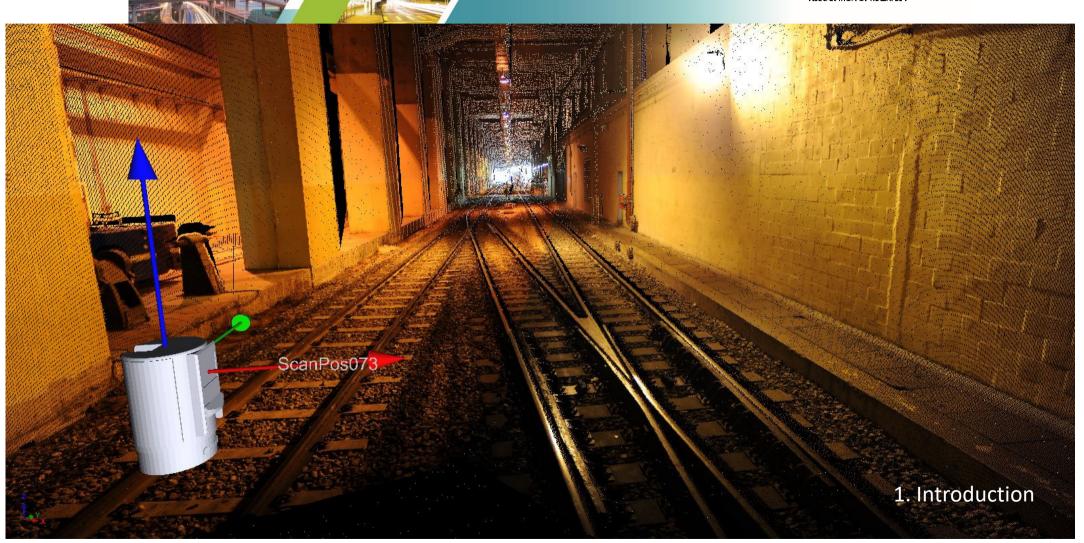
RIEGL VZ-1000 3D Scanner

Feature		
•	Range	1,400 m
• (Speed	120,000 pps
•	Precision	5 mm
	Ranging Accuracy	8 mm (@100m)
	Sampling Accuracy	8 mm / 50m
• (Camera DSLR	12 MPx



3D color point cloud











- 1. Accurate (xyz)
- 2. Faithful representation
- 3. Visual and impactful
- 4. Further Integration
- 5. Further Extraction



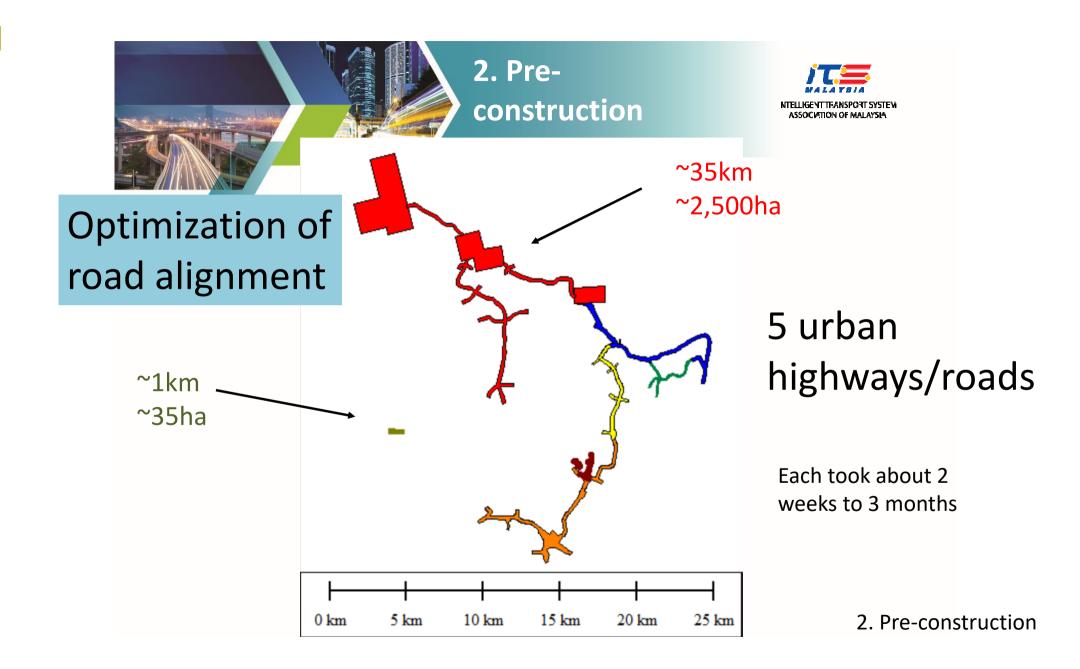








- 1.Orthophoto
- 2.2D map/plan
- 3.3D map/model
- 4. Sectional /elevation plan
- 5.DTM/DEM, contour, slope..
- 6.Volumetric
- 7. Temporal changes/crash detection & ...



Slide 12

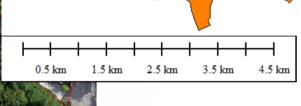
YW1

YS Wong, 1/24/2017



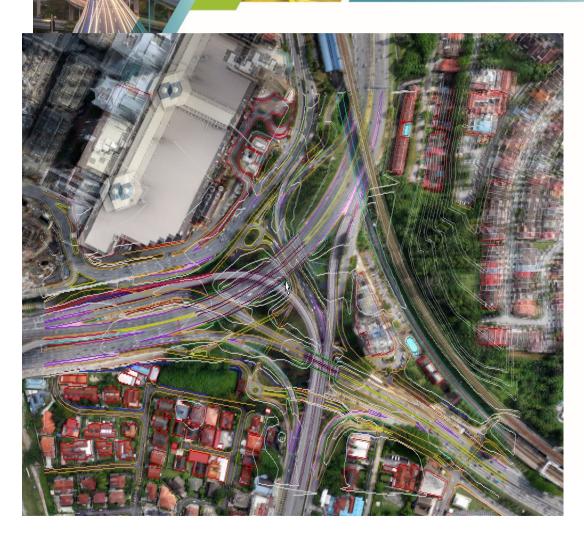






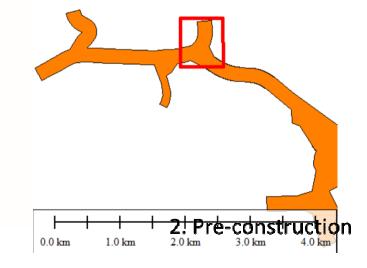






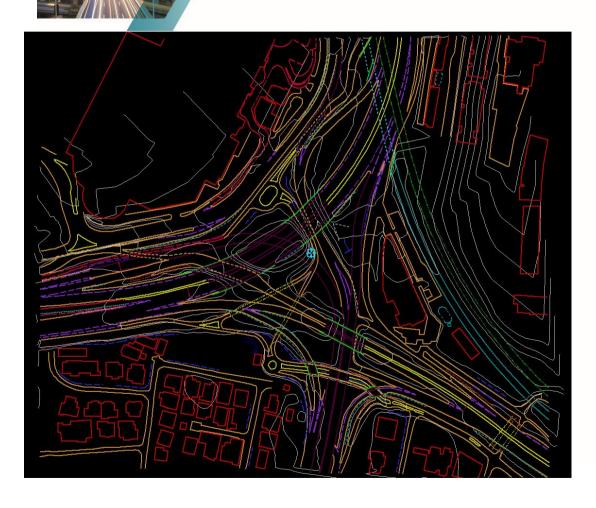


Stereo digitizing using DPW



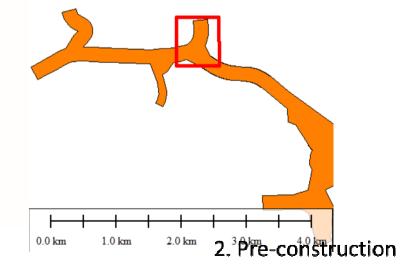








Stereo digitizing using DPW







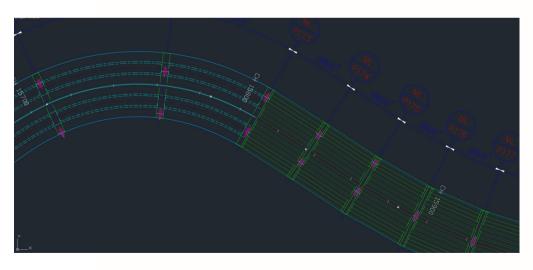
Communication, engagement and visualization in 3D







3D visualization is desirable and helpful



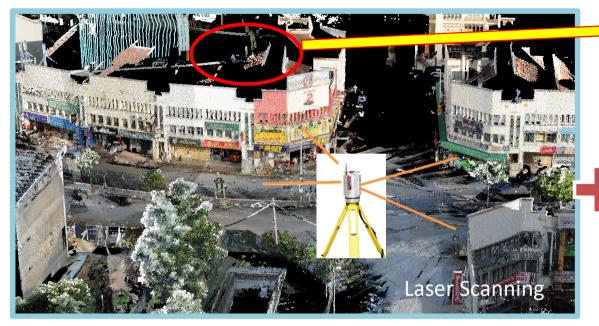




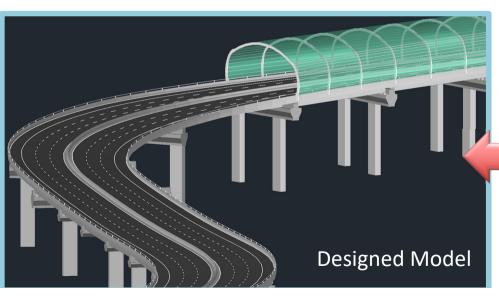
Pre construction























Construction Stage



Progress Monitoring

KOLA CGI Demo Reel 2016



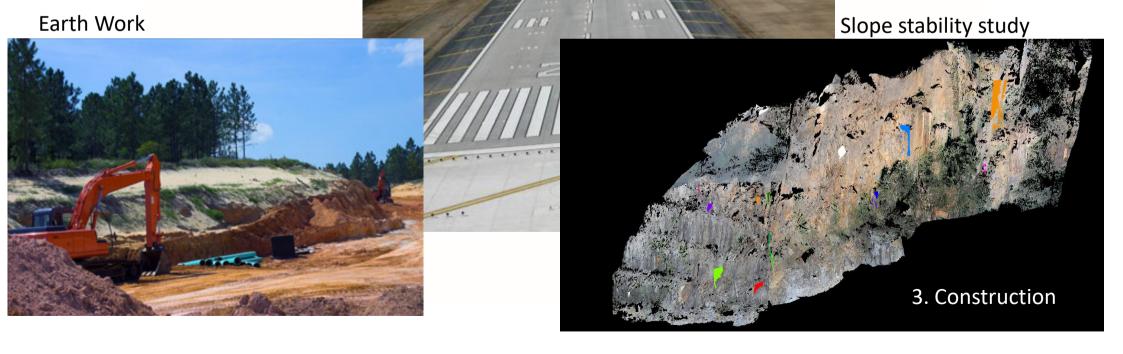
3. Construction





Quantitative Monitoring

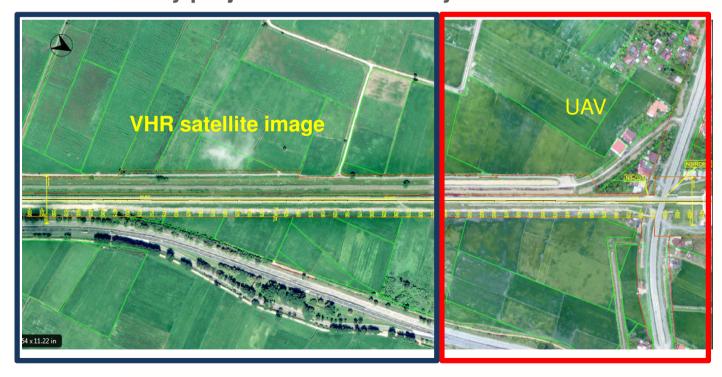
Deformation Survey

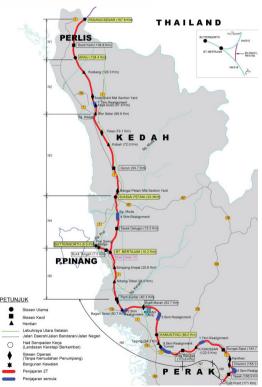




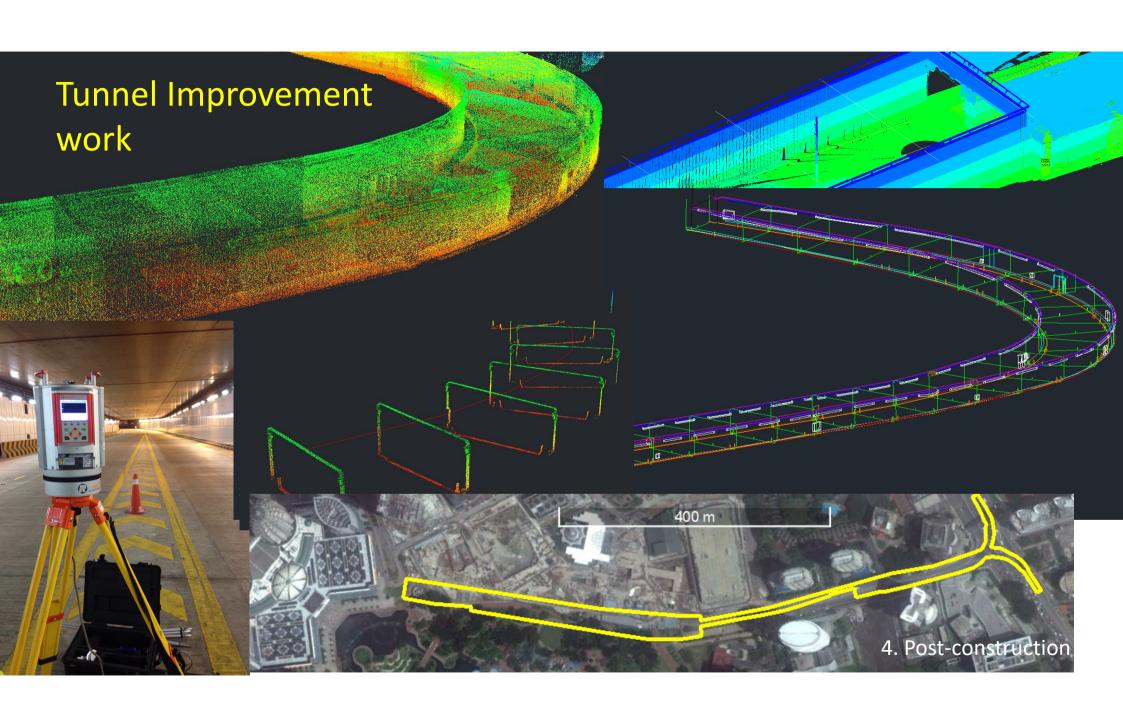


360km railway project : As built survey/documentation



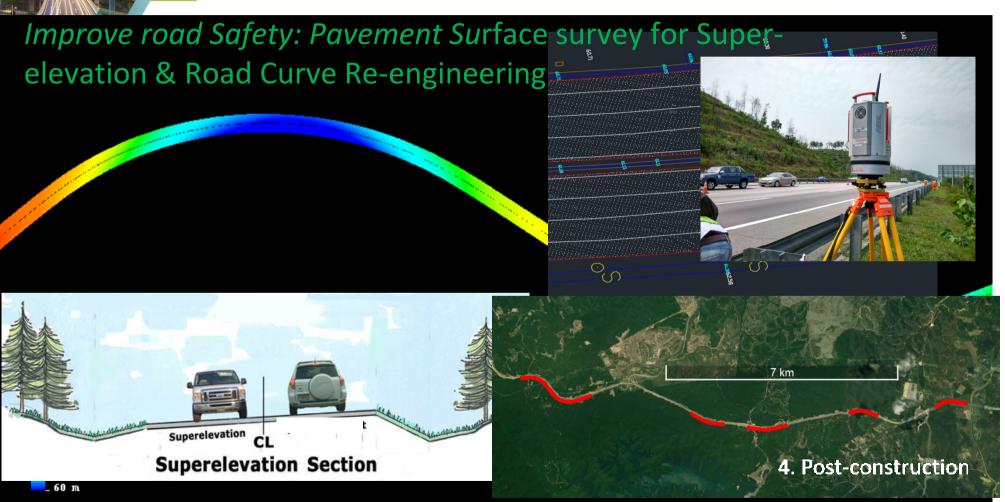


4. post-construction























Smart City







Autonomous Vehicles

How self-driving cars see the road

Autonomous vehicles rely on a host of sensors to plot their trajectory and avoid accidents.

• Multi-domain controller

Manages inputs from camera, radar, and LiDAR. With mapping and navigation data, it can confirm decisions in multiple ways.



• Camera Takes images of the road that are interpreted by a computer. Limited by what the camera can "see".

Source: Delphi



Radio waves are sent out and bounced off objects. Can work in all weather but cannot differentiate objects.



LiDAR
 Light pulses are sent out and reflected off objects
 Can define lines on the road and works in the dark.





- 1. Wider adoption will take time: cost, learning curve and familiarization.
- 2. Further progress is desirable. But also depend on progress of supporting technologies
- 3. Regulatory restrictions