

# **INTRODUCTION OF 9 KNOWLEDGE AREAS**

Project Human Resource (HR)  
Management

# Content

- Definition
- Objectives
- Project HR Management Processes
- Project Leadership
- Power
- Summary

# Definition

**Project Human Resource Management** is the science of:

- \* allocating human resources among various projects or business units.
- \* maximizing the utilization of available personnel resources to achieve business goals.
- \* performing the activities that are necessary in the maintenance of that workforce.

# Objectives

**To ensure successful project completion**

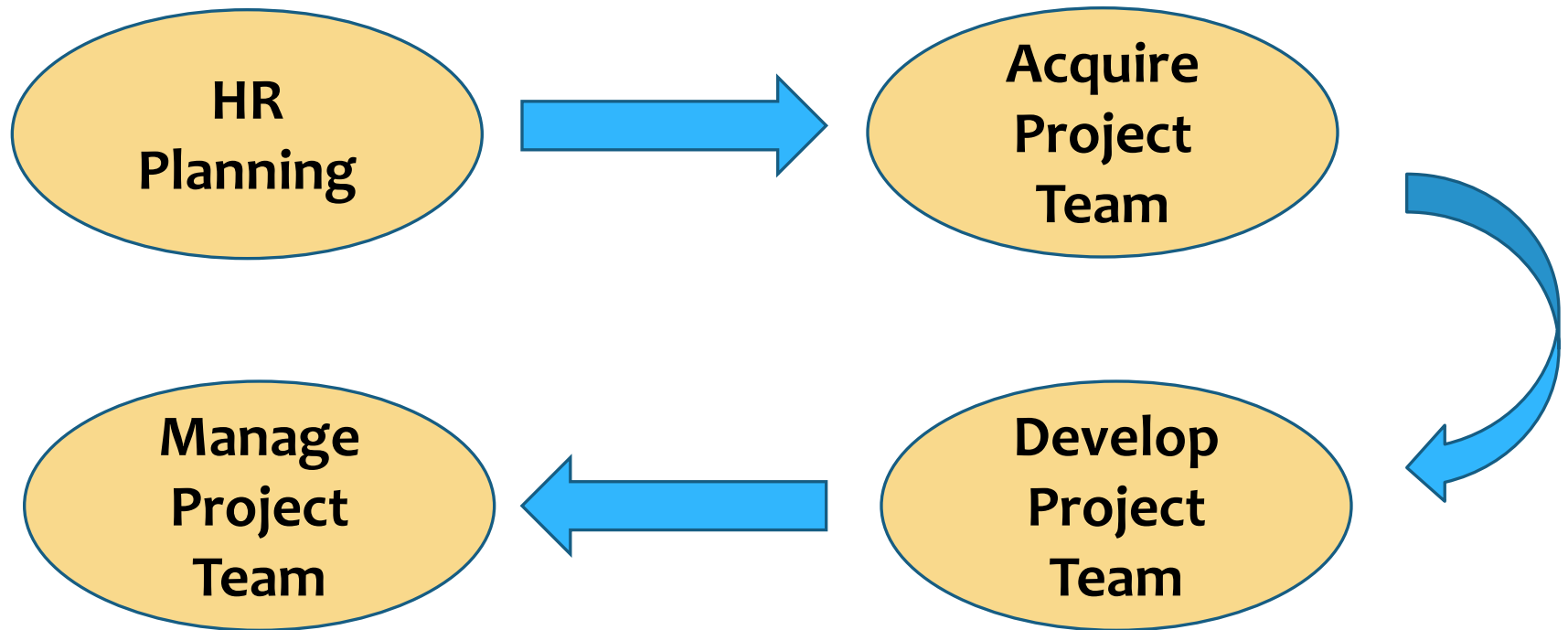
**Clearly define roles  
and responsibilities**

**Select individuals  
with appropriate  
capabilities**

**Enhance under-  
represented  
capabilities or skills**

**Establish proactive  
communication**

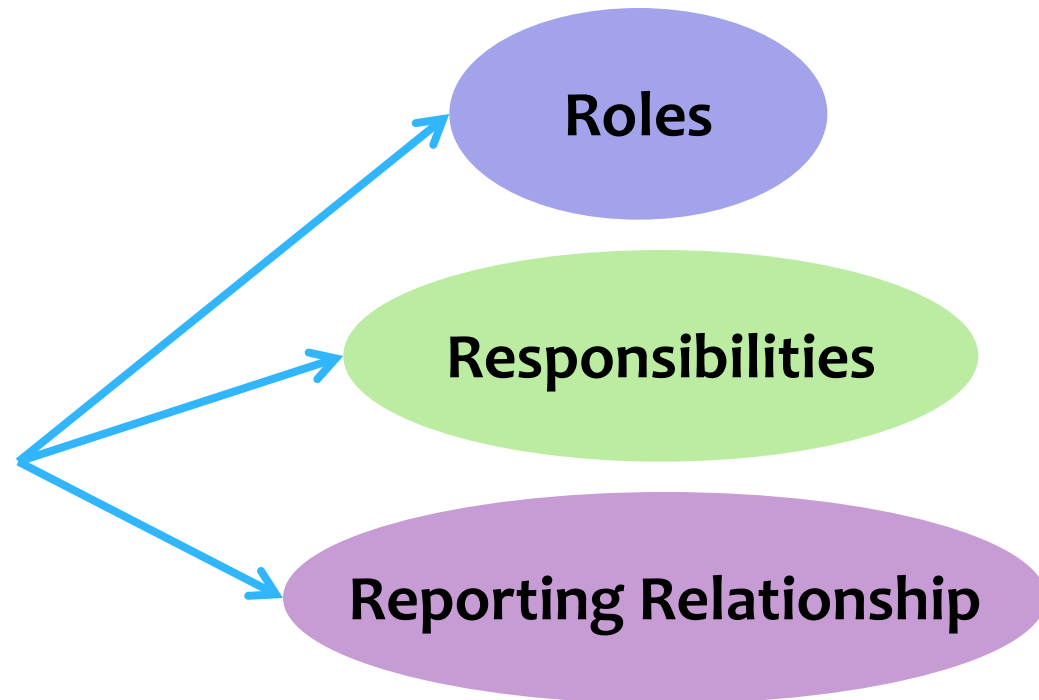
# Project HR Management Processes



# HR Planning

INITIATION	
PLANNING	
EXECUTION	
MONITORING & CONTROL	
CLOSING	

Identifying and documenting project roles, responsibilities and reporting relationships, as well as creating the staffing management plan.  
which includes ....



# HR Planning

INITIATION

PLANNING

EXECUTION

MONITORING & CONTROL

CLOSING

## Purposes:

- \* Lets everybody know who is doing what.
- \* Helps you control your most important resource.
- \* Makes sure that all of the major tasks have an “owner”.



# Responsibility Assignment

INITIATION

PLANNING

EXECUTION

MONITORING & CONTROL

CLOSING

Activity

Stakeholders

	PM	PO	Adm	Legal	DG
Workshop Scope & Schedule	R	A	A	A	C
Draft brief	S	R	A		
Circulate to departmental stakeholders	C	R	A	C	C
Incorporate comments	C	R	A		
Prepare Final	R	A	A	A	C
Submit	R	A			S

R  
A  
C  
S

Responsible  
Assist  
Consult  
Sign –off

PM  
PO  
Adm  
Legal  
FAS

Project Manager  
Project officer  
Admin Assistance  
Legal adviser  
Div Head





# Responsibility Assignment Matrix

INITIATION	
PLANNING	
EXECUTION	
MONITORING & CONTROL	
CLOSING	

- \* Determine tasks (WBS)
- \* Determine resource requirements and skill sets
- \* Determine availability
- \* Assign resources to tasks
- \* Assign responsibilities
- \* Assign according to key:
- \* Responsible, Assist, Consult, Sign-off
- \* Obtain agreement from Resource Owner
- \* Produce and distribute
- \* Review and adjust at Milestones

# Responsibility of the Project Manager

INITIATION	
PLANNING	
EXECUTION	
MONITORING & CONTROL	
CLOSING	

- \* Selecting, motivating and organising people to undertake specific activities and tasks.
- \* A sound knowledge of the internal and external organisational structures.
- \* Thorough knowledge of the Project Management Plan (PMP) for monitoring & control.
- \* Ability to brief all stakeholders (levels).
- \* Training and development of project team.
- \* Quality control processes.



# Acquire Project Team

INITIATION

PLANNING

EXECUTION

MONITORING & CONTROL

CLOSING

- \* Obtaining people needed to complete your project.
- \* The project management team may not have control over team members selected for the project.



# Develop Project Team

INITIATION

PLANNING

EXECUTION

MONITORING & CONTROL

CLOSING

- \* Improves the competencies and interaction of team members to enhance project performance.
- \* Improve skills of team members in order to increase their ability to complete project activities.
- \* Improve feelings of trust and cohesiveness among team members in order to raise productivity through greater teamwork.



# Develop Project Team

INITIATION	
PLANNING	
EXECUTION	
MONITORING & CONTROL	
CLOSING	

A **Project Director (PD)** or **Project Manager (PM)** should select and develop the project team members in areas/skills that can include:

- \* Leading, communicating, and negotiating.
- \* Delegating, motivating, coaching, mentoring, and other activities that relate to interfacing among individuals.
- \* Team building, dealing with conflict, and other skills that relate to interfacing among groups and organizations.

# Develop Project Team

INITIATION

PLANNING

EXECUTION

MONITORING & CONTROL

CLOSING

A **Project Director (PD)** or **Project Manager (PM)** should select and develop the project team members in areas/skills that can include:

- \* Performance appraisals, recruitment, retention, labor relations, health and safety regulations, and other subjects related to administering the human resource function
- \* Renumeration, promotion, awards, recognition, and other activities that relate to a performance-based rewards environment.

# Manage Project Team

INITIATION

PLANNING

EXECUTION

**MONITORING & CONTROL**

CLOSING

Involves:

- tracking team member performance;
- providing feedback;
- resolving issues;
- coordinating changes to enhance project
- performance.



# Team Formation Strategy

- Choose skills and experience people to enable the Work Breakdown Structure (WBS) to be achieved.
- Create the team.
- Established the procedure.
- Maximise milestone attainment .





# Project Leadership

- \* Every project uses resources:
  - people are one of the most important resources.
- \* But, just having people is not enough
  - projects succeed because of people working together.



# Project Leadership

In every project you have responsibility for:

- \* Meeting the project objectives.
- \* Keeping the team together.
- \* Attending to the needs of individuals within the team.



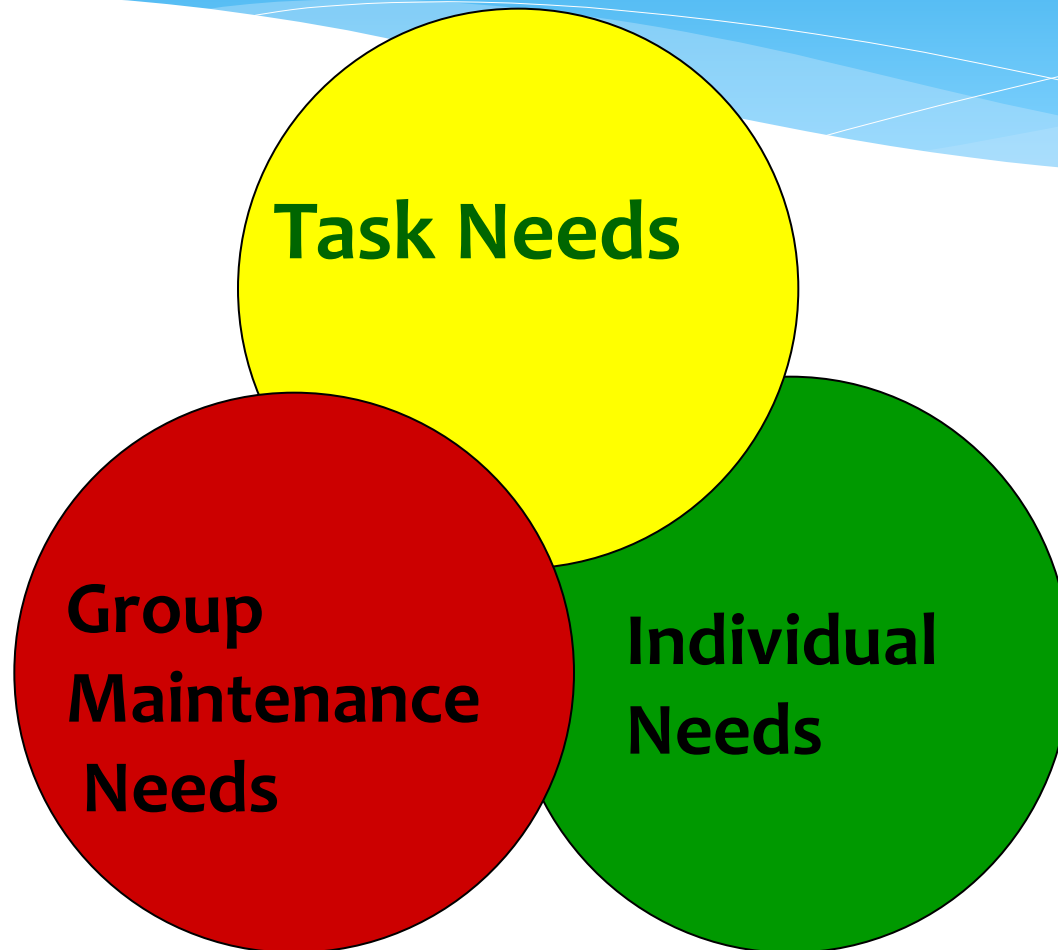
# Project Leadership

Requires an understanding of:

- The individual attitude to the project.
- Ability of individual to fully commit.
- Power bases.



# Project Leadership



Adair 1968

# Group Maintenance Needs

- Reflect the desired standards
- Correct inappropriate actions
- Build team spirit
- Encourage and motivate team as a whole
- Appoint sub-leaders
- Train the team
- Communicate openly



# Task Needs

- Define the tasks.
- Develop the plan.
- Allocate work and resources.
- Monitor the tempo and quality of work.
- Review priorities and check progress against the plan.

Global	Global	Risks	Timing	Budget	HR	Infra
Project 1	●	●	●	●	⚠	⚠
Project 2	⚠	●	●	●	●	●
Project 3	●	●	●	✓	⚠	✓
Project 4	⚠	●	⚠	✓	●	●
Project 5	⚠	⚠	⚠	✓	●	●
Project 6	●	●	✓	●	⚠	●

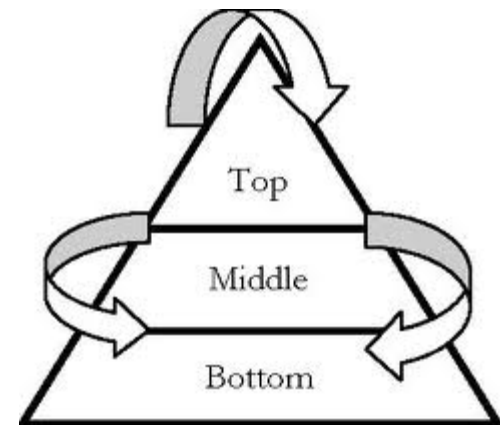
# Individual Needs

- \* Attend to personal problems.
- \* Recognize abilities and achievements.
- \* Train individuals for their job.
- \* Promptly correct performance faults.
- \* Encourage and support each person to perform to required standard.



# Power

- Power is the potential ability to **influence** people to do things they may not be inclined to do.
- Types of power include:
  - Legitimate / position
  - Financial
  - Expert / technical
  - Information
  - Referent
  - Coercive



(Raven & French 78)



# Power Influence of Project Manager

- \* Projects are more likely to succeed when project managers influence with:
  - ✓ expertise
  - ✓ work challenge
- \* Projects are more likely to fail when project managers rely too heavily on:
  - authority
  - money
  - penalty



# Summary

- Project human resource management includes the processes required to make the most effective use of the people involved with a project.
- Project managers must:
  - ✓ Treat people with consideration and respect.
  - ✓ Understand what motivates people.
  - ✓ Communicate carefully with people.

