

Measurement of Soil Resistivity

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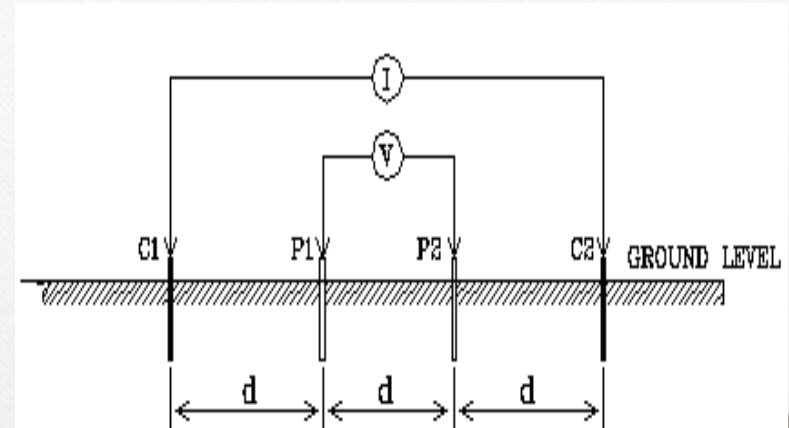
Research Background

- Resistivity is one of the basic parameter in electrical system.
- The measurement of soil resistivity is widely used in the fields of power system especially on earthing system.
- Commonly, soil resistivity varies with depth, also due to water content and temperature.
- Many methods can be apply for soil resistivity.
- The most popular method is 4-probe method, also named Wenner method.

Setup arrangement



Equipment been used : Megger



Wenner Method
Soil Resistivity
Measurement Set-up

Soil Resistivity Measurement

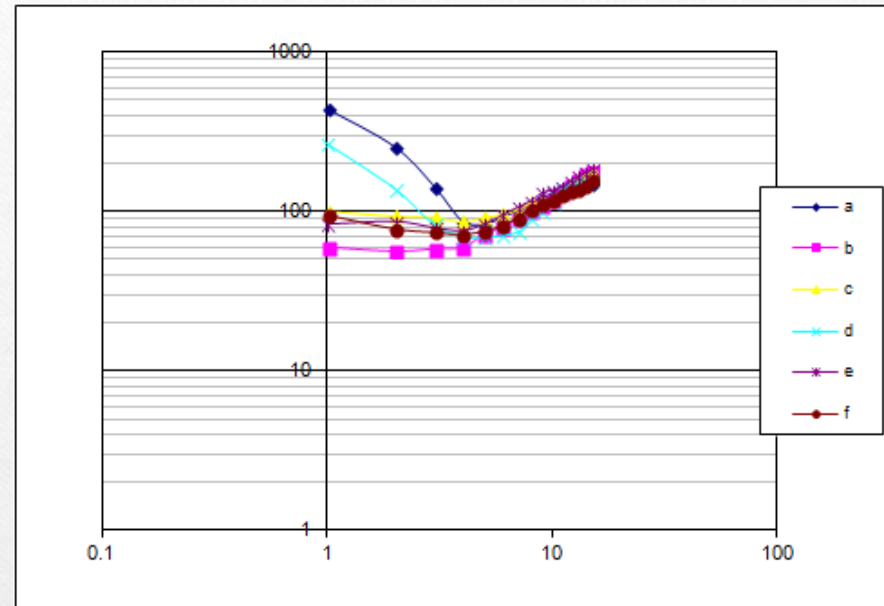
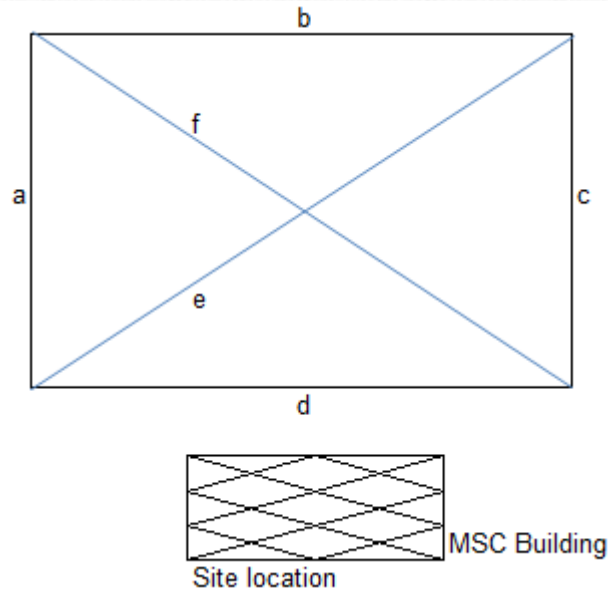
Methodology

- The configuration of the four-method is to arrange four probes along a line with equal spacing as shown in previous slide.
- With 'd' set as the spacing between two neighboring probes, then the respective apparent resistivity, ρ_a under spacing 'd' is :

- $$\rho_a = 2\pi dR$$

- Where : ρ_a – apparent resistivity
- d - spacing between probes
- R – Readout meter

Results



Apparent resistivity, ρ_a

Items	a ρ_a	b ρ_a	c ρ_a	d ρ_a	e ρ_a	f ρ_a	Average ρ_a
ρ_1 (Ωm)	328.275	44.775	76.05	199.725	62.625	71.55	130.5
ρ_2 (Ωm)	96.194	89.137	99.73	81.726	102.702	91.814	93.225
h_1 (m)	1.875	1.875	1.875	1.875	1.875	1.875	1.875

Soil resistivity-interpreted into two layers

Conclusion

- In field measurement, choosing the proper measurement technique according to local situations can be make the test easy and effective.
- Wenner method or four-probe method is the most popular technique been applied for field measurement.